CellAdvisor™
JD748B/JD788B Signal Analyzers
Introduction

A JD748B/JD788B signal analyzer is the optimal test tool for installing and maintaining cell sites. It contains all the features and capabilities required for field testing cell sites for all 2G to 4G wireless technologies.

Equipped with one-button standards-based measurements for wireless signals, the analyzer offers a full scope of BTS conformance tests. Its combined functionality includes spectrum analysis, an RF/optical power meter, interference analysis, a channel scanner, and signal analysis.

Standard features include:
- Spectrum analyzer
- RF power meter

Advanced features include:
- Interference analysis
- Channel scanner
- 2-port transmission*
- CW signal generator*
- GPS receiver
- Optical power meter
- Fiber inspection with pass/fail (requires P5000i microscope)*
- Cloud enabled asset management via StrataSync™*
- Signal analysis of cdmaOne/cdma2000, EV-DO, GSM/GPRS/EDGE, WCDMA/HSPA+, TD-SCDMA, Mobile WiMAX, LTE/LTE-Advanced—FDD, and LTE/LTE-Advanced—TDD

Highlights and capabilities include:
- Full LTE test capabilities
- LTE MBMS (multimedia broadcast multicast service)
- Passive intermodulation (PIM) detection
- Dual spectrum
- Spectrum replay
- Dual spectrogram
- Remote control
- Coverage mapping
- Remote wireless connectivity via Bluetooth®

* CellAdvisor JD788B only
Features

Easy User Interface
The analyzer provides a consistent, intuitive interface throughout its various functions giving users a common, easy-to-use menu structure.

The analyzer’s built-in help system guides users through each measurement task. They can save a screenshot of any function as a graphic file for report generation and save traces for post-analysis to the instrument’s internal memory or to an external USB memory device. Stored data can be easily transferred to a PC using the USB or Ethernet port.

Users can edit file names using the instrument’s rotary knob that also conveniently functions as an enter button when selecting alphanumeric characters.

Designed for Field Use
The compact, lightweight analyzer is especially convenient for users who perform field measurements.

Its bright, multimode, 8-inch color display enables clear visibility indoors and outdoors.

The operating temperature ranges from –10 to 55°C, and, its rugged bumper protects the instrument to external impacts exceeding the MIL-PRF-28800F class 2 specification.

RFoCPRI
Modern cell sites have a distributed architecture that replaces coax-based feeders with fiber-based feeders and, therefore, significantly reduces signal loss and reflection problems. However, since all RF interfaces reside on the RRH, any RF maintenance or troubleshooting requires reaching the tower top to gain access to the RRH, which increases safety concerns and operational expenses.

Automatic Measurements
The analyzer’s Auto Measure function affords complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters for up to 10 different carriers.

Auto Measure can be easily executed so the instrument automatically configures and tests every aspect for all carriers regardless of their frequency or modulation type. The analyzer’s configurable channel scanner can track on one measurement screen the power levels for each of 20 carriers operating at different frequencies or modulation types.
Integrated Functionality

- **AUDIO JACK**: 3.5 mm built-in audio jack
- **RF OUT**: RF output for transmission measurement
- **10/100/1000**: Ethernet test port
- **RF IN**: RF in for spectrum and signal analysis
- **EXTERNAL IN**: External in for GPS, trigger, and reference frequency
- **USB**: USB host and client ports to transfer data and to connect to external power sensors
- **LAN**: Ethernet port connects application software with a PC
- **PORT 1/PORT 2**: SF9/SFP+ transceiver cages for RFS/CFRI
- **DISPLAY**: 8” high-resolution color LCD
- **SPEAKER**: Sounds for alarms, key selections, AM/FM demodulation
- **KNOB**: Rotary knob with enter button
- **SOFT KEYS**: Screen menu selection
- **HOT KEYS**: 11 hot keys to activate specific functions
- **HARD KEYS**: Seven function keys; active often-used function
- **DATA ENTRY KEYS**: Numeric keys to enter values for test parameters
- **BACKLIT KEYPAD**: Turns the keypad backlight on and off
### Spectrum Analyzer

The analyzer is the most flexible general purpose spectrum analysis test tool for monitoring and analyzing the RF spectrum. The spectrum analysis function performs these one-button standards-based wireless-signal power measurements:

- Channel power
- Occupied bandwidth
- Spectrum emission mask
- Adjacent channel power
- Spurious emissions
- Field strength
- AM/FM audio demodulation
- Route map
- PIM detection
- Dual spectrum

#### Capabilities

- Built-in preamplifier
- Zero span with gated sweep
- AM/FM audio demodulation
- Multiple detectors: normal, RMS, sample, negative, peak
- Advanced marker: frequency counter, noise marker
- Limit line
- Up to six markers and six traces

#### Measurements

**Channel Power** measures the power level, spectral density, and peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the signal in a specified channel bandwidth, showing pass/fail for the defined power.

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<td>100 kHz to 4 GHz (JD748A) 9 kHz to 8 GHz (JD788A)</td>
<td>10 MHz to 4 GHz (JD745B) 10 MHz to 8 GHz (JD785B)</td>
<td>Integrated RF power meter eliminates the need for a separate instrument and measures power with or without a power sensor.</td>
<td>Provides a sine wave or continuous wave (CW) source for measurements such as those used for isolating a repeater.</td>
<td>Enables RF measurements over CPRI without the need to climb the tower to access the remote radio head.</td>
<td>Provides remote control and monitoring capability with JDRemote via Bluetooth interface.</td>
<td>Provides geographical location and highly-accurate frequency, and time for precise measurements.</td>
<td>Provides the required spectrogram and multisignal RSSI parameters to properly monitor, identify, and locate interference signals. In addition, it can generate a variable audible tone based on signal strength.</td>
<td>Intuitive graphical representation of the signal’s power for each of the 20 user-definable carriers (frequencies or channels) for quick identification of improper power levels.</td>
<td>Measures optical power for all single-mode and multimode connectors via an optical power sensor (MP-60A or MP-80A).</td>
<td>Provides 3GPP/3GPP2/IEEE802.16 conformance testing for RF characteristics as well as modulation analysis of 2G to 4G wireless technologies.</td>
<td>Characterizes transmission quality at any location providing reflective measurements and identifying signals transmitted from various sites.</td>
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* CellAdvisor JD788B only

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**RF test — Channel Power**

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Occupied BW measures the frequency bandwidth that contains the specified percentage of the power, the total integrated power, and the occupied power with pass/fail results for the defined bandwidth.

Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) compares the total power level within the defined carrier bandwidth and the given offset frequencies to defined mask limits with pass/fail results.

RF test — Occupied Bandwidth

Adjacent Channel Power (ACP) measures the amount of RF power leakage in adjacent channels and its ratios, with pass/fail results for the defined test condition.

Spurious Emissions measurements identify and determine the power level of spurious emissions in certain frequency bands, showing pass/fail results based on the defined mask limits.

RF test — Spurious Emissions
Field Strength quickly and conveniently measures and analyzes field strength to user-definable multisegment lines. Measuring field strength is easy once the user specifies the antenna factors in the analyzer.

AM/FM Audio Demodulation identifies interfering signals. The AM/FM signal can be demodulated into the instrument’s built-in speaker or through a headset.

The spectrum analyzer can simultaneously operate with the CW signal generator. It easily fulfills the >100 dB guideline required for measuring repeater and antenna isolation.

PIM Detection identifies passive intermodulation in the uplink band caused when signals are combined and transmitted on a single nonlinear feed line.

Power Meters

The analyzer is equipped with an RF power meter and an optical power meter.

The RF power meter performs two different methods of power measurement. The first is an internal power measurement for standard power testing without the assistance of external power sensors and the second interfaces with an external power sensor for high-accuracy power measurements.

The optical power meter measures optical power for single-mode and multimode connectors via an external optical power sensor.

**RF Power Meter (standard)**

*Internal power measurement*

- Frequency range: 10 MHz to 4 GHz/8 GHz
- Dynamic range: –120 to +20 dBm/+25 dBm
- Measurement type: RMS or peak

*External power measurement*

- JD732B: Terminating power sensor (average)
- JD734B: Terminating power sensor (peak)
- JD736B: Terminating power sensor (average and peak)
  - Frequency range: 20 MHz to 3.8 GHz
  - Dynamic range: –30 to +20 dBm
- JD731B: Directional (through line) power sensor
  - Frequency range: 300 MHz to 3.8 GHz
  - Dynamic range: average 0.15 to 150 W, peak 4 to 400 W
  - Measurement:
    - Forward average power
    - Reverse average power
    - Forward peak power
    - VSWR
- JD733A: Directional (through line) power sensor
  - Frequency range: 150 MHz to 3.5 GHz
  - Dynamic range: average/peak 0.1 to 50 W
  - Measurement:
    - Forward average power
    - Reverse average power
    - Forward peak power
    - VSWR

**Dual Spectrum**

Dual Spectrum lets users view the spectrum activity for two different uplink and downlink spectrum bands on one screen simultaneously rather than switching between screens.
Optical Power Meter

*Miniature USB 2.0 optical power sensors*

- **MP-60A**
  - Wavelength range: 780 to 1650 nm
  - Dynamic range: 1300, 1310, 1490, 1550 nm: –50 to +10 dBm
    850 nm: –45 to +10 dBm
- **MP-80A**
  - Wavelength range: 780 to 1650 nm
  - Dynamic range: 1300, 1550 nm: –35 to +23 dBm;
    850 nm: –30 to +23 dBm

The power meter analysis has user-definable pass/fail limits and displays test results in dBm and watts. Power measurements can be set as absolute measurements displayed in dBm or as relative measurements displayed in dB.

The analyzer displays power levels in two formats, as a real-time value in an analog meter and as a power-level trend through time in a histogram chart.

JD730-series high-precision RF power sensors measure RF power connected via USB to the analyzer.

The analyzer controls terminating power sensors (JD732B, JD734B, and JD736B), making it a highly accurate RF power meter for out-of-service applications up to 3.8 GHz with a measurement range of –30 to +20 dBm.

The analyzer controls directional power sensors (JD731B and JD733A) measuring output power and impedance matching for in-service systems. These power sensors can handle up to 150 W of power, eliminating the need for attenuators.

The analyzer controls optical power sensors (MP-series) to measure optical power quickly and easily in single-mode or multimode.

This optical power meter offers a well-organized solution for fiber inspection.

**Fiber Inspection** eliminates the most common fiber link problems by verifying that connectors are not contaminated. Only the JD785 can quickly and easily troubleshoot and certify fiber connection quality and cleanliness. Connecting the optional P5000i Fiber Microscope lets users quickly inspect and clean fiber connections with a clear pass/fail indication. The free FiberChekPRO™ application can be used on a PC/laptop with the P5000i microscope to perform the same fiber analysis in parallel using the instrument to test RF and using the PC/laptop to test fiber. Users also can inspect, test, and certify any fiber connector and instantly generate comprehensive pass/fail summary reports.

*CellAdvisor JD788B only*
**Interference Analyzer**

The Interference Analyzer (option 011) function is extremely effective for locating and identifying periodic or intermittent RF interference. Interference signals derive from several kinds of licensed or unlicensed transmitters that cause dropped calls and poor service quality.

- Spectrum analyzer
  - Sound indicator
  - AM/FM audio demodulation
  - Interference ID
  - Spectrum recorder
- Spectrogram
- Receive signal strength indicator (RSSI)
- Interference finder
- Spectrum replayer
- Dual spectrogram

**Measurements**

A spectrum analyzer can perform spectrum clearance, capturing just the events where the received signal exceeds the defined power limit.

The audible tone volume is proportional to the signal’s power strength. In addition, a built-in AM/FM audio demodulator conveniently identifies AM/FM signals.

Interference ID automatically classifies interfering signals and lists the possible signal types corresponding to the signal selected.

Spectrogram captures spectrum activity over time and uses various colors to differentiate spectrum power levels.

The spectrogram is effective for identifying periodic or intermittent signals. Post-processing analysis can be made for each measurement over time using a time cursor.

**RSSI** is a multisignal tracking metric that is particularly useful for measuring power-level variations over time.

The RSSI measurement lets you assign a power limit line for audible alarms and increase alarm counters every time a signal exceeds a defined limit line.

For long-term analysis, the spectrogram and RSSI measurements can be automatically saved into an external USB memory. Post-analysis can be performed with JDViewer application software.

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**Interference analysis test — Spectrogram**

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**Interference analysis test — RSSI**

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**Interference Finder** is an automatic triangulation algorithm that uses GPS coordinates to locate possible interference sources based on three measurements.

The interference finder calculates possible interference locations using its inscribed circle or circumscribed circle based on measured intersection points.
**Spectrum Replayer** lets users retrieve and replay recorded spectrum analyzer traces in interference analysis mode. These traces can be played back in the spectrogram or RSSI.

Users can configure the limit line to create failure points when signals exceed it. The failure points are clearly displayed on the trace timeline for quick access during playback.

The auto measure capability lets users easily set up test scenarios with programmed measurement schedules such as start time, test duration, test cycles, and test metrics. Then, based on the user-defined conditions, the analyzer tests up to 10 different carriers and automatically saves the corresponding results.

The Over-the-Air (OTA) analyzer function provides OTA measurements to quickly perform base station characterization. This measurement capability is especially useful for testing cell sites without interrupting service are those that are not easily accessible.

**Dual Spectrogram** captures the spectral activities for two different bands over time to identify periodic or intermittent band signals.

The signal analyzer provides these measurement capabilities:

- Spectrum analysis
- RF analysis
- Modulation analysis
- Auto measure

Modulation analysis can be performed for these wireless technologies:

- cdmaOne/cdma2000 (option 020)
- EV-DO (option 021)
- GSM/GPRS/EDGE (option 022)
- WCDMA/HSPA+ (option 023)
- TD-SCDMA (option 025)
- Mobile WiMAX (option 026)
- LTE-FDD (option 028)
- LTE-Advanced—FDD (option 030)
- LTE-TDD (option 029)
- LTE-Advanced —TDD (option 031)

OTA analyses include:

- cdmaOne/cdma2000 (option 040)
- EV-DO (option 041)
- GSM/GPRS/EDGE (option 042)
- WCDMA/HSPA+ (option 043)
- TD-SCDMA (option 045)
- Mobile WiMAX (option 046)
- LTE-FDD (option 048)
- LTE-TDD (option 049)
## Signal Analyzer Detailed Feature Matrix

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RF Analysis

Channel Power measures a signal’s total RF power, spectral density, and peak-to-average ratio (PAR) in a specified channel bandwidth.

Occupied BW measures the frequency bandwidth containing 99 percent of the power for total integrated and occupied power.

Spectrum Emission Mask compares the total power level within the defined carrier bandwidth and the given offset frequencies on each side of the carrier frequency against allowable standards.

Adjacent Channel Power Ratio or Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio measures RF power leakage in adjacent channels and its ratios per specified standards.

The Spurious Emissions measurement identifies and determines spurious emissions power levels in certain frequency bands.
Modulation Analysis

Power vs. Time (Frame) verifies, with LTE-TDD, WiMAX, and GSM, that the transmitter output power has the correct amplitude, shape, and timing according to the standards.

Constellation provides with multimedia broadcast/multicast services (MBMS), modulation quality metrics (EVM) for data and/or control channels, at its corresponding modulation scheme, such as GMSK, QPSK, 16 QAM and 64 QAM.

Code Domain measures with CDMA/EV-DO and WCDMA/HSPA+, spread code channel power levels across the RF channel, normalized to total power.

Code domain power (CDP) shows the signal’s physical channels indicating the various spread factors using different colors to easily differentiate the traffic types carried within the signal.

Code Power provides the power data for an individual code channel and layer for a specified time slot. It displays the power of the 16 codes of a specified signal.

Code Error shows the power data and error data for an individual code channel and layer for a specified time simultaneously.

Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector onto the code domain at a specified spreading factor.
Modulation Analysis

Codogram or Datagram displays code power variations over time to give a clear view of each channel’s traffic load at any given time.

RCSI (received code strength indicator) shows, with CDMA/EV-DO and WCDMA/HSPA+, power variations over time for control channels.

The analyzer can automatically save codogram and RCSI measurements into external USB memory for long-term analysis or for post-analysis with JDViewer application software.

EVM vs. Subcarrier shows, with Mobile WiMAX, the error vector magnitude representing the average constellation error for OFDMA subcarriers.

EVM vs. Symbol shows, with Mobile WiMAX, the error vector magnitude representing the average constellation error for OFDMA symbols.

Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) characterizes the statistical power level distribution at any given time.

Data Channel measures, with LTE and MBMS, selected resource block or control channel constellation and modulation quality at any subframe.

Spectral Flatness measures, with Mobile WiMAX, the constellation’s flatness energy per the standards.
Modulation Analysis

**Subframe** measures, with LTE and MBMS, the data and control channel power and modulation quality in any subframe.

**Frame** measures, with LTE and MBMS, the power and modulation quality for all data and control channels in a frame.

**Time Alignment Error** for LTE/MIMO measures MIMO time differences of up to four transmission branches.

**Data Allocation Map** measures, with LTE and MBMS, the power level for all resource blocks across subframes and shows data utilization within a frame.
Modulation Analysis

**Auto Measure** lets users easily and quickly check the RF and modulation parameters with the push of a button. All base stations can be tested uniformly using the same procedure with virtually no errors because of test variability. Additionally, this function reduces human error and improves efficiency. Predefined tests enable users at all skill levels to obtain consistent, accurate results.

Carrier Aggregation performs up to five interband and/or intraband component carriers, performing a complete characterization in each carrier including power level, modulation quality in data, and control channels.

OTA Analysis

**ID (Channel Scanner)** measures the strongest of six received cell identifiers, providing all relevant information such as PCI, RSRP, and RSRQ.

OTA Control Channel with LTE and MBMS provides signal performance metrics for locations served by the base station, including multipath profile indicating reflected signal strength.
**Datagram** measures, with LTE, the power level for all the resource blocks across time and shows data utilization over time.

**OTA analysis — OTA Datagram**

**Route Map** measures the OTA performance of a cell site in a defined service area by plotting the corresponding OTA metric in a map, which is then tracked with the instrument’s GPS.

**OTA analysis — Route Map**

**JDMapCreator** creates the desired map of interest from a picture file for indoor coverage, or geo-coded maps for outdoor coverage that can then be loaded to the analyzer using a USB memory device.

The route map feature is included in Spectrum Analyzer mode and in Signal Analyzer OTA mode.

**OTA analysis — JDMapCreator**

**2-Port Transmission**

The **2-Port Transmission Measurement (Scalar)** (Option 001) feature* fully characterizes the DUT with dynamics over 110 dB.

**2-Port Measurement (Scalar) function**

**Insertion Gain/Loss** measures the characteristics of passive and active devices such as filters, jumpers, splitters, and amplifiers and verifies antenna or sector-to-sector isolation.

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*CellAdvisor JD788B only*
RFoCPRI

The analyzer measures RF over CPRI to monitor the CPRI link status between REC (BBU) and RE (RRH), and it can emulate the REC to verify the RRH cabling and operational status at the ground via fiber.

Capabilities

- Layer-2 monitoring
- Layer-2 term
- Interference analyzer
  - Spectrum analyzer
    - Sound indicator
  - AM/FM audio demodulation
  - Interference ID
  - Spectrum recorder
  - Spectrogram
  - RSSI
  - Spectrum replayer
- PIM detection
  - Single radio
  - Multiple radios

Measurement

Layer-2 Monitoring is an in-service measurement that enables monitoring of the Layer-1 link maintenance alarms delivered on the Layer-2 L1 in-band protocol as well as optical power being received.

Layer-2 Term is an out-of-service measurement that also enables monitoring of the Layer-1 link maintenance alarms delivered on the Layer-2 L1 in-band protocol as well as optical power being received. Another benefit of this function is to emulate the baseband unit and support the start-up process of the RRH so users can verify the optical cabling and proper RRH operation at the ground.

### Interference Analyzer

Interference analyzer captures I/Q data from the CPRI link and shows the uplink and downlink spectrum. RFoCPRI does not require tower climbs to locate and identify interference signals present on the uplink band.

### Spectrum Analyzer

Enables users to see and record the uplink and downlink spectrum for further analysis later. It provides a more effective way to observe interference for TDD systems because it completely separates the uplink signal from downlink.
Spectrogram captures spectrum and displays it as a waterfall diagram to identify signal interference easily and quickly. Time cursor and Marker enable time and frequency tracking for the intermittent interference signals.

Spectrogram

PIM Detection enables PIM detection on the radio system uplink. PIM detection can be achieved differently based on the number of radios that share the same RF/coaxial antenna system. Users can easily check the PIM generated by a single radio occupying wide band or multiple radios with different frequencies.

PIM Detection

Spectrum Replayer enables users to replay a recorded baseband spectrum achieved over CPRI link to better understand the nature of interference signal under investigation.

Spectrum Replayer

RFoCPRI — Spectrogram

RFoCPRI — Spectrum Replayer

RFoCPRI — Detection - Single Radio
Channel Scanner

The Channel Scanner function (option 012) can measure up to 20 independent channels for any cellular technology at any channel or frequency. It also shows the power level for each signal type.

StrataSync*

The CellAdvisor JD780A-series analyzers are compatible with the Viavi StrataSync cloud to manage instrument inventory, to locate each piece of equipment and to identify which engineer is using it. StrataSync also helps to keep instruments current through remote upgrades to ensure all instruments have the latest firmware. It also centralizes configuration setting and distribution to ensure that engineers are using the same instrument settings to achieve consistent measurements. Once testing is complete, measurement results can be uploaded into StrataSync for secure storage and sharing. Engineers who are unable to resolve a problem can share measurement results with an expert to get analysis help from anywhere without having the expert be near the instrument.

- Manage asset inventory
- Remotely distribute instrument upgrades
- Centralize configuration sharing
- Offers test data management
  - Trace files
  - Screenshots
  - Remote analysis

Bluetooth Connectivity

Bluetooth connectivity (option 006) provides safer and easier long-distance testing with the instrument housed at the top of the tower and controlled remotely via Bluetooth. Tests are conveniently made from the ground. Users can also transfer files from the instrument using file transfer. They can also tether the instrument to an Android smartphone or tablet with a data service connection to upload or download data to the Viavi StrataSync cloud.

GPS Receiver and Antenna

The GPS receiver (option 010) gives the location (latitude, longitude, and altitude) and timing for highly-accurate frequency measurements to independently verify base-station timing.
Application Software

JDViewer Features

- Communicates with the analyzer via LAN or USB
- Retrieves measured or saved measurements
- Exports measurement results
- Generates and prints configurable reports
- Creates a composite file of multiple spectrogram traces
- Analyzes measurement results allowing for assignment of multiple markers and limit lines
- Creates user-defined settings for channel power, occupied bandwidth, SEM, and ACLR
- Registers and edits user-definable cable types and frequency bands
- Creates automatic testing scenarios for GSM, CDMA/EV-DO, WCDMA/HSPA+, Mobile WiMAX, and LTE
- Creates signal strength maps as well as over-the-air signal analysis maps for GSM, CDMA/EV-DO, WCDMA/HSPA+, Mobile WiMAX, and LTE

JDRemote Features

This capability permits full remote control of the instrument through a software client. Control can either be via directly connected USB, network LAN connections, or Bluetooth.

The analyzer communicates with two Windows-based applications:

- JDViewer — for post-processing, report generation, personalized settings, and coverage map creation
- JDRemote — for full remote control